Table 1
Usability Assessment Results with End Users and Evaluation of System Components

	Initial Design	Barriers Identified and Addressed
User Issues Identified		
Search navigation	Required several fields to be entered by front-end users to return clinic search results	Searches were too slow and returned inconsistent results
Zip code search inconsistencies	Searches returned no clinics when navigators knew they existed	Incorrect programming for the zip code search
Outdated clinic services	Clinic services must be updated by clinics, then validated by programming staff	Duplicated data entry and inefficient database procedures were leading to outdated data
Additional software tools	Required an ActiveX tool download that could only be used in Internet Explorer	Restricted use by requiring additional software; many firewalls and administrative protocols prevented download of the tool
System Issues Identified		
Cumbersome fields	429 unique fields	Caused maintenance issues and reporting errors
Duplicated database structure	Double data entry was required to update if clinics were listed on both the Breast Health Portal and Project Safety Net	Increased data entry time and possibility of data entry errors
New databases created each year	A new database was created annually to capture data updates	Resulted in a large number of databases that needed to be linked and queried in the system
Discrete form for language	A discrete form was used for each language, requiring double data entry	Duplicated programming efforts
Validation and     authorization from     programming staff	All data updates required validation and authorization prior to pushing live on the system	Led to delays in data updates
Data storage	Data was stored in a comma- delimited string format	Data was not database normalized